

1601/102

1602/102

APPLIED SCIENCE, ELECTRICAL PRINCIPLES I  
AND ELECTRONICS

June/July 2017

Time: 3 hours

15 AUG 2017



THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

CRAFT CERTIFICATE IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY  
(POWER OPTION)  
(TELECOMMUNICATION OPTION)

APPLIED SCIENCE, ELECTRICAL PRINCIPLES I AND ELECTRONICS

3 hours

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

*You should have the following for this examination:**Answer booklet;**Scientific calculator;**Drawing instruments.**This paper consists of EIGHT questions in THREE sections; A, B and C.**Answer ONE question from Section A, TWO questions from Section B and TWO questions from Section C in the answer booklet provided.**All questions carry equal marks.**Maximum marks for each part of a question are as indicated.**Candidates should answer the questions in English.*Take:  $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}$  $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m}$ 

This paper consists of 7 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

## SECTION A: APPLIED SCIENCE

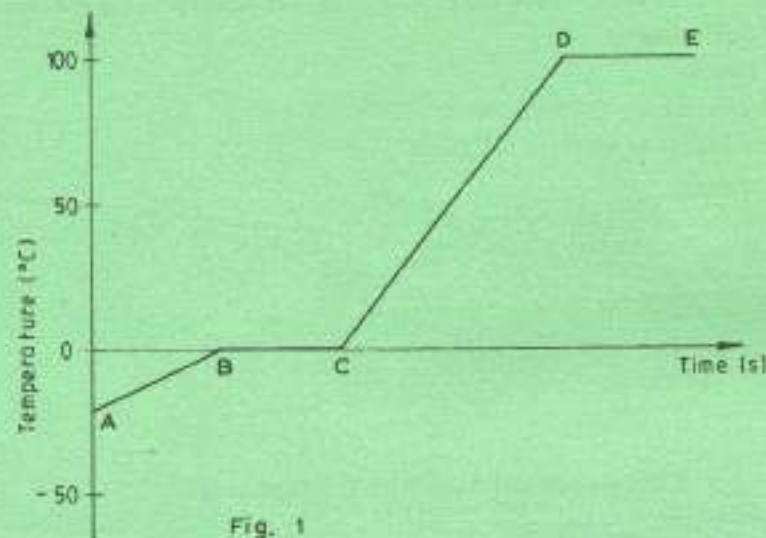
Answer any ONE question from this section.

1. (a) (i) State **two** conditions necessary for total internal reflection to occur when light travels from one optical medium to another.
- (ii) An object is placed on the principle axis of a convex lens of focal length 10 cm so that it is 15 cm from the lens. Determine the position of the image formed. (6 marks)
- (b) Complete table 1 by showing the colour of the acid-base indicators in basic and acidic solutions. (4 marks)

Table 1

Acid-base Indicator	Colour in acidic solutions	Colour in basic solutions
Litmus paper		
Phenolphthalein		

- (c) (i) State **four** temperature scales.
- (ii) Differentiate between vaporization and sublimation
- (iii) Figure 1 shows change of state graph when dry ice is heated. Explain the change taking place between:
- (I) BC;
- (II) CD. (10 marks)



2. (a) (i) State the;
- (I) Archimedes' principle;
- (II) Law of flotation.
- (ii) The density of lead is  $11400 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . Determine its relative density. (8 marks)
- (b) (i) State the law of conservation of energy.
- (ii) Figure 2 shows a simple pendulum. The mass of the bob is  $0.5 \text{ kg}$ . Determine the maximum velocity attained by the bob. (Take  $g = 10 \text{ N/kg}$ ) (7 marks)

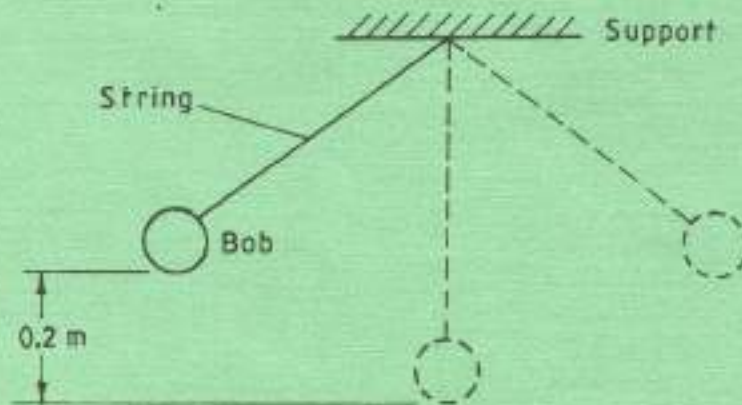


Fig. 2

- (c) (i) State the pressure law.
- (ii) A gas occupies a volume of  $120 \text{ cm}^3$  at a temperature of  $17^\circ \text{C}$ . The gas is heated at constant pressure to a temperature of  $34^\circ \text{C}$ . Determine the new volume of the gas. (5 marks)

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## SECTION B: ELECTRICAL PRINCIPLES

Answer any **TWO** questions from this section.

3. (a) (i) Define the following electrical units:

- (I) volt;  
(II) ohm.

(ii) Figure 3 shows an electric circuit.

Determine the:

- (I) total circuit resistance;  
(II) circuit current;  
(III) voltage across the parallel branch.

(12 marks)

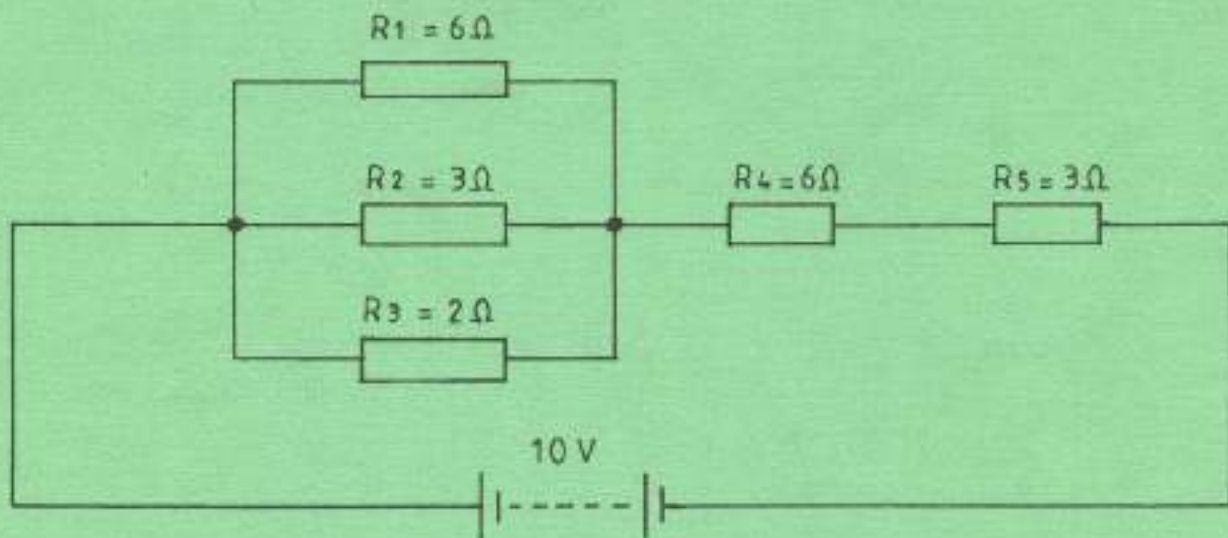


Fig. 3

(b) State:

- (i) Faraday's laws of electrolysis;  
(ii) two disadvantages of alkaline cells over lead-acid cells.

(4 marks)

- (c) (i) Explain the effects of temperature on resistance.
- (ii) A coil of copper wire has a resistance of  $100 \Omega$  when its temperature is at  $0^\circ\text{C}$ . Determine its resistance at a temperature of  $60^\circ\text{C}$ . Take the temperature coefficient of resistance of copper at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  to be  $0.0043^\circ\text{C}$ . (4 marks)
4. (a) State two:
- (i) factors affecting capacitance of a capacitor;
- (ii) types of capacitors. (4 marks)
- (b) Distinguish between relative permittivity and permittivity of free space as used in electrostatics. (2 marks)
- (c) A capacitor is made of seven metal plates and separated by sheets of mica having a thickness of  $0.4 \text{ mm}$  and a relative permittivity of 6. The area of one side of each plate is  $40,000 \text{ mm}^2$ . A potential difference (p.d.) of  $500 \text{ V d.c}$  is maintained across the terminals of the capacitor, determine the:
- (i) total capacitance;
- (ii) charge;
- (iii) potential gradient;
- (iv) electric flux density. (8 marks)
- (d) With aid of a circuit diagram, derive an expression for the total capacitance for three capacitors  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$  and  $C_3$  connected in series across a d.c. source of  $v$  volts. (6 marks)
5. (a) Define the following terms as used in electromagnetism;
- (i) magnetomotive force;
- (ii) relative permeability. (4 marks)
- (b) A mild steel ring has a radius of  $60 \text{ mm}$  and a cross-sectional area of  $600 \text{ mm}^2$ . A current of  $0.5 \text{ A}$  flows in a coil wound uniformly around the ring and the flux produced is  $0.1 \text{ mWb}$ . The relative permeability at this value of current is 200.
- Determine the:
- (i) reluctance of the mild steel;
- (ii) number of turns on the coil. (6 marks)

- (c) With the aid of a labelled diagram, describe the operation of a core-type single phase transformer. (5 marks)
- (d) A 5 KVA single phase transformer has a primary voltage of 2.5 kV, and turns ratio of 5:1. Neglecting core losses, determine the:
- (i) full load secondary current;
- (ii) minimum load resistance which can be connected across the secondary winding to give full load kVA. (5 marks)

### SECTION C: ELECTRONICS

*Answer any TWO questions from this section.*

6. (a) (i) Differentiate between conductors and semi-conductors.
- (ii) Explain the term 'doping' as applied in a semi-conductor. (6 marks)
- (b) (i) State **three** applications of bipolar junction transistors.
- (ii) Describe the operation of a photo diode. (5 marks)
- (c) (i) Explain the term 'amplitude distortion' as applied in audio amplifiers.
- (ii) With the aid of waveform diagrams, explain the effect of incorrect transistor biasing on amplitude. (9 marks)
7. (a) (i) State the function of zener diode in power supply circuits.
- (ii) With the aid of a circuit diagram, explain the operation of a voltage doubler. (8 marks)
- (b) State:
- (i) **Four** types of negative feedback connections;
- (ii) **Two** applications of BCD coding system. (6 marks)
- (c) Convert  $10011011_2$  into:
- (i) decimal.
- (ii) BCD. (6 marks)

8. (a) (i) Using Karnaugh map, simplify the boolean expression:  
$$f(A,B) = A\bar{B} + AB$$
- (ii) For an exclusive - NOR gate;
- (I) draw the symbol of the logic gate;
- (II) write its truth table. (10 marks)
- (b) (i) Define the term 'transducer'.
- (ii) State any two applications of inductive transducers. (4 marks)
- (c) With the aid of a diagram, explain the operation of the T-type flip flop. (6 marks)

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