1920/106 OPERATING SYSTEMS November 2018 Time: 3 hours



THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL CRAFT CERTIFICATE IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

MODULE I

OPERATING SYSTEMS

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This paper consists of FIFTEEN questions in TWO sections, A and B.

Answer ALL the questions in section A and any FOUR in section B in the answer booklet provided.

Candidates should answer the questions in English.

This paper consists of 4 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

SECTION A (40 marks)

Answer ALL the questions in this section

1.	Outi	ne tour features of the graphical user interface of an operating system.	(4 marks)	
2.	With the aid of a diagram, describe the monolithic architecture of an operating system. (4 marks)			
3.	Joel had the following options displayed as he shut down the computer.			
	(i)	Sleep;		
	(ii)	Log off.		
	Outli	ne the outcome of each of the options if selected.	(4 marks)	
4.	Defin	Define each of the following terms as used in operating systems:		
	(i)	device controller;		
	(ii)*	shell.	(4 marks)	
5.	Differentiate between a <i>compact disk</i> and a <i>digital versatile disk</i> with respect to data storage as used in computer systems. (4 marks)			
6.	Jeremy intends to acquire a printer for his personal use. Explain two factors other than conhe should consider.			
7.	Describe each of the following types of process schedulers:			
	(i)	short term scheduler;		
	(ii)	long term scheduler.	(4 marks)	
8.	Tony used the following keyboard keys during data entry.			
	(i)	CapsLock;		
	(iii)	Shift.		
	State	the function of each of the keys.	(4 marks)	
9.*	Outli	ne two differences between a thread and a process as used in process managemen	t. (4 marks)	
10.	Outli	ne the function of each of the following utility programs in operating systems:	8	
	(i)	disk defragmenter;		
. 5	(ii)	disk cleanup.	(4 marks)	

SECTION B (60 marks)

Answer any FOUR questions in this section

- 11. (a) Define the term *data file* as used in operating systems file management. (1 mark)
 - (b) Jaunty intends to acquire a computer with a *liquid crystal display (LCD)* screen. Explain **two** advantages of this screen. (4 marks)
 - (c) Joan is involved in the development of operating system software. Explain **three** *memory* placement techniques that she could implement during the process. (6 marks)
 - (d) Owane, a lecturer, discussed operations that an operating system could perform on a file during one of her classes. Outline **four** examples that she could have discussed. (4 marks)
- 12. (a) Describe each of the following *memory management* techniques as used in operating systems:
 - (i) segmentation;
 - (ii) paging. (4 marks)
 - (b) With the aid of a diagram, describe *multiprogramming processing* as applied in operating systems. (4 marks)
 - (c) Kenny, a lecturer, intends to prepare lecture notes on the objectives of *process scheduling* in operating systems. Outline **three** objectives that he could include in his notes. (3 marks)
 - (d) Differentiate between *interrupt* and *system call* as used in operating systems. (4 marks)
- 13. (a) With the aid of a sketch, describe the *round robin* scheduling algorithm as applied in process management. (5 marks)
 - (b) Describe each of the following disk scheduling algorithms:
 - (i) SCAN;
 - (ii) C-LOOK. (4 marks)
 - (c) Explain **three** circumstances that would cause the premature termination of a process during execution in an operating system. (6 marks)
- 14. (a) Explain **three** factors that could affect the performance of a storage disk in a computer system. (6 marks)
 - (b) With the aid of a diagram, describe a three process state model. (6 marks)
 - (c) Lucy set *file attributes* on files she created in a computer. Outline **three** such attributes. (3 marks)

- 15. (a) A certain company has installed an operating system that uses batch processing method for its operations. Outline **three** advantages of this method. (3 marks)
 - (b) With the aid of a diagram, describe each of the following as used in storage device management:
 - (i) track;
 - (ii) sector. (4 marks)
 - (c) Distinguish between *single buffering* and *double buffering* as used in operating systems. (4 marks)
 - (d) Deadlocks in a computer system can occur due to various factors. Explain **two** of these factors. (4 marks)

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