

2521/204 2602/204

2601/204 2603/204

**ENGINEERING DRAWING AND  
CIRCUIT ANALYSIS**

Oct./Nov. 2018

Time: 3 hours



**THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL**  
**DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING**  
**(POWER OPTION)**  
**(TELECOMMUNICATION OPTION)**  
**(INSTRUMENTATION OPTION)**  
**MODULE II**

**ENGINEERING DRAWING AND CIRCUIT ANALYSIS**

**3 hours**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

*You should have the following for this examination:*

*Mathematical tables/ non programmable scientific calculator;*

*Drawing instruments;*

*Drawing paper size A3;*

*Computer installed with Auto-CAD software, electronic CAD software and a printer.*

*This paper consists of TWO sections; A and B.*

*Answer any THREE questions in section A and any TWO questions in section B in the answer booklet and drawing papers provided.*

*All questions carry equal marks. All working must be shown.*

*Maximum marks for each part of a question are as indicated.*

*Candidates should answer the questions in English.*

**This paper consists of 6 printed pages.**

**Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that  
all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.**

## SECTION A: CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

Answer any **THREE** questions from this section.

1. (a) State **three** advantages of three phase systems over single phase systems. (3 marks)
- (b) Show that the total power in a star or delta connected load is given by,  
 $P = \sqrt{3} V_L I_L \cos \phi$  watts. (7 marks)
- (c) Two wattmeters are connected to measure the input power to a balanced three phase load. The wattmeter readings are 16 kW and 8 kW. Determine the:  
(i) total input power;  
(ii) load power factor. (6 marks)
- (d) Draw a circuit diagram of a three phase transformer connected in star-delta. Show the line and phase voltages. (4 marks)
2. (a) State 'Thevenins theorem'. (2 marks)
- (b) **Figure 1** shows a d.c circuit. Determine the:  
(i) total circuit impedance;  
(ii) supply current  $I$ ;  
(iii) current flowing through the inductor. (7 marks)

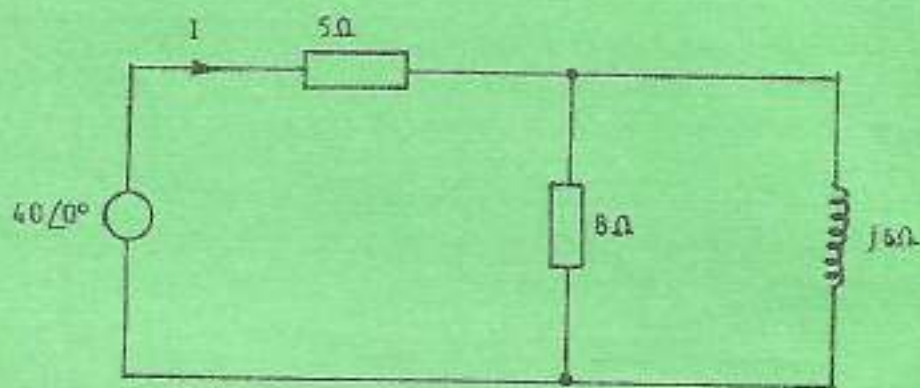


Fig. 1

- (c) (i) Define the term 'time constant' with reference to transients.
- (ii) A circuit consists of a resistor connect in series with a  $0.4 \mu\text{F}$  capacitor and has a time constant of 12 ms. Determine the:
- (I) value of resistance;
- (II) capacitor voltage 7 ms after connecting the supply of 10 V. (7 marks)

(d) With aid of diagrams, differentiate between low pass filter and high pass filter with reference to T-filter sections. (4 marks)

3. (a) Distinguish between a cage rotor and a wound rotor with reference to three phase induction motors. (4 marks)

(b) Draw the torque-speed characteristic of a three phase induction motor. (4 marks)

(c) A three phase induction motor is supplied from a 50 Hz supply and runs at a speed of 1500 rev/min when the slip is 4%. Determine the synchronous speed. (7 marks)

(d) A complex voltage waveform is given by

$$V = 200 \sin \omega t + 60 \sin \left( 3\omega t + \frac{\pi}{3} \right) + 20 \sin \left( 5\omega t - \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \text{ volts and is applied across pure:}$$

(i)  $50 \Omega$  resistance;

(ii)  $20 \mu\text{F}$  capacitor.

Determine for each case an expression for the current flowing if the fundamental frequency is 1000 Hz. (5 marks)

4. (a) (i) Name three types of stepper motors.

(ii) With the aid of a labelled diagram, explain the operation of a shaded pole motor. (10 marks)

(b) Draw the following circuit diagrams of D.C machines:

(i) separately excited generator;

(ii) shunt motor. (6 marks)

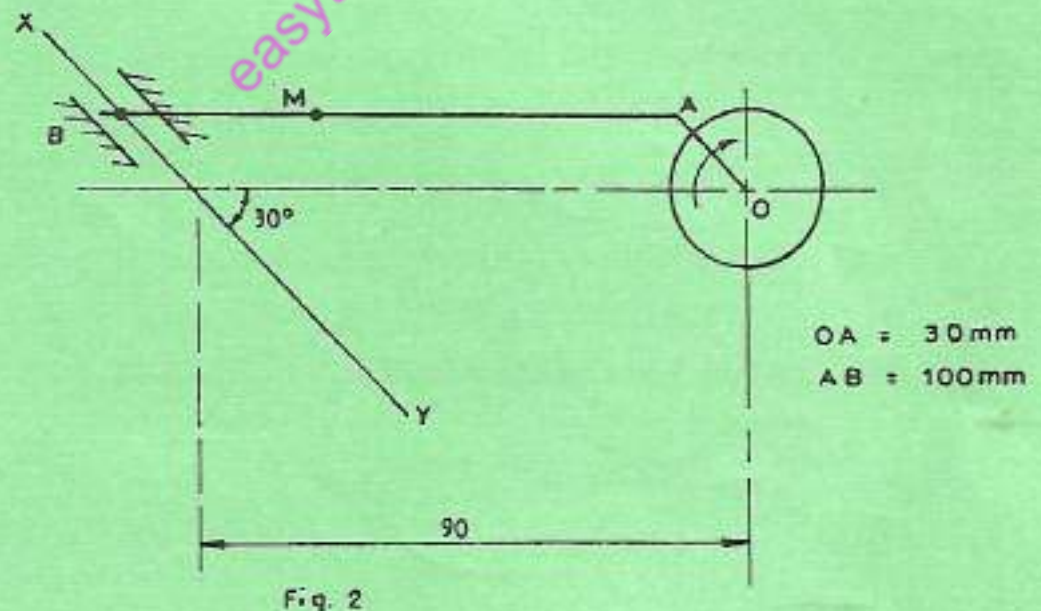
(c) A 240 V d.c shunt motor draws a current of 60 A from the supply. The iron friction and windage losses are 1500 watts. The field resistance is  $40 \Omega$  and armature resistance is  $0.2 \Omega$ . Determine the overall efficiency of the motor. (4 marks)

5. (a) (i) Differentiate between a three phase synchronous motor and a three phase induction motor. (6 marks)
- (ii) Explain the term 'voltage regulation' as used in A.C generators. (7 marks)
- (b) With the aid of a labelled diagram, describe the short circuit test of a synchronous generator. (7 marks)
- (c) With the aid of a labelled diagram, describe the operation of a capacitor start capacitor run motor. (7 marks)

### SECTION B: ENGINEERING DRAWING

Answer any *TWO* questions from this section.

6. (a) Inscribe a circle in a triangle ABC given  $AB = 80$  mm,  $BC = 60$  mm and  $AC = 96$  mm. (5 marks)
- (b) Construct an internal tangent to two unequal circles of diameters 66 mm and 30 mm with their centres 85 mm apart. (5 marks)
- (c) **Figure 2** shows a crank mechanism. Link AB is pinjointed at end A, and end B is constrained to slide along the path XY. Draw the locus of the midpoint M for one revolution of the crank. (10 marks)



7. (a) Draw the power circuit diagram of a star-delta starter of a three phase induction motor. (10 marks)
- (b) Draw the BS 3939 symbols for each of the following:
- speaker;
  - zener diode;
  - microphone;
  - ammeter;
  - intermediate switch;
  - heater;
  - energy meter;
  - cooker;
  - fluorescent;
  - PNP transistor.

(10 marks)

8. (a) Figure 3 shows an electronic circuit. Using any computer drawing software program:
- Draw the circuit;
  - Print and hand over the hardcopy.

(10 marks)

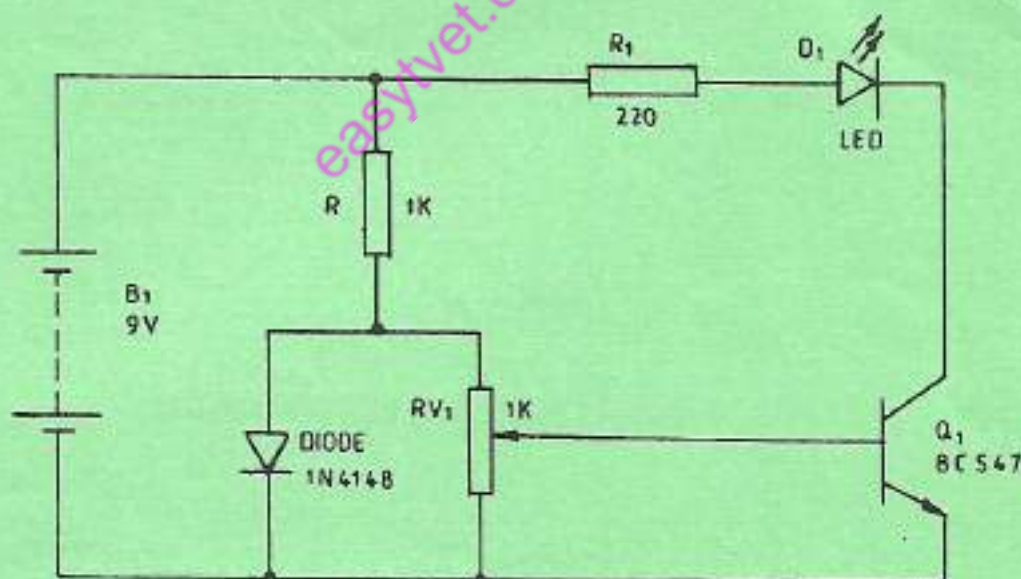
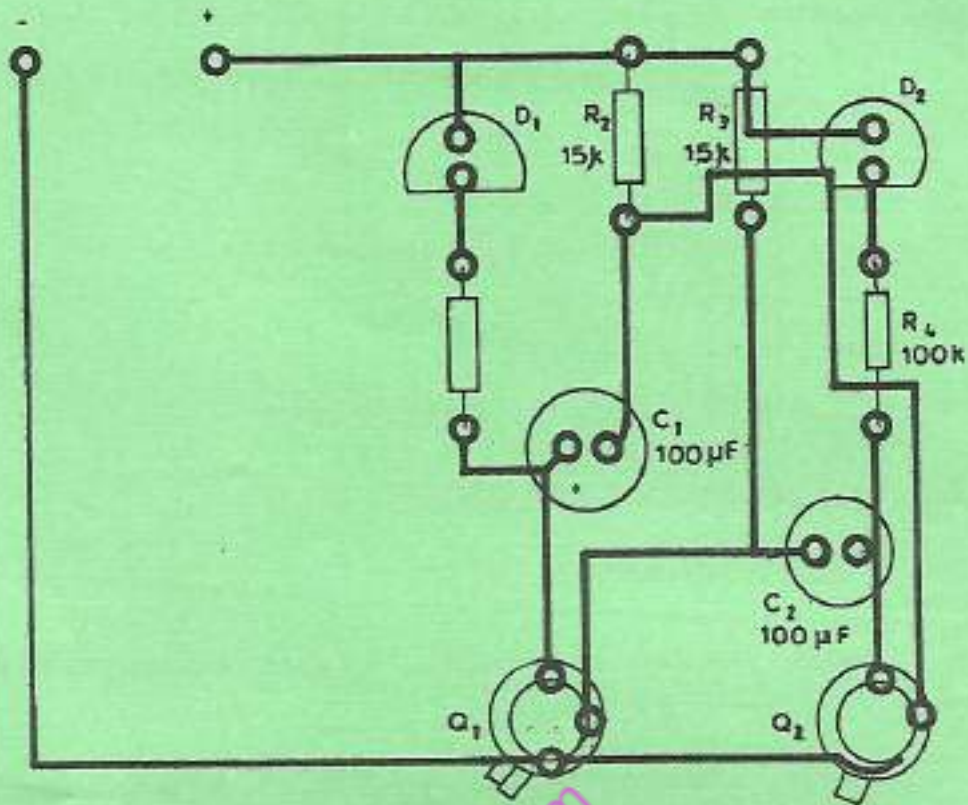


Fig. 3

- (b) Figure 4 shows a Printed Circuit Board (PCB) layout of an electronic circuit. Draw the schematic diagram of the layout. (10 marks)



D<sub>1</sub>, D<sub>2</sub> LEDs  
Q<sub>1</sub>, Q<sub>2</sub> are PNP transistors

Fig. 4

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