061006T4ICT
ICT TECHNICIAN LEVEL 6
IT/OS/ICT/CR/10/6
DEVELOP COMPUTER PROGRAM
JULY/AUGUST 2023



TVET CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT, ASSESSMENT AND CERTIFICATION COUNCIL (TVET CDACC)

WRITTEN ASSESSMENT

TIME: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATE

- 1. This paper has two sections **A and B.** Attempt questions in each section as per instructions given in the section.
- 2. You are provided with a separate answer booklet.
- 3. Marks for each question are indicated in the brackets.
- 4. Do not write on the question paper

SECTION A: (40 MARKS)

Attempt ALL questions in this section.

| 1. | Distinguish between imperative programming and object programming languages, giving | |
|----|---|-----------|
| | TWO examples in each | (6 Marks) |
| 2. | Identify TWO_valid reasons for a software developer to use each of the following approaches | |
| | in a project. | |
| | a) Waterfall Model | (2 Marks) |
| | b) Agile Methodology | (2 Marks) |
| | c) Spiral Model | (2 Marks) |
| 3. | Using C language examples, explain ONE program control structure for: | |
| | a) Decision/Branching | (4 Marks) |
| | b) Looping | (4 Marks) |
| 4. | Define the following program development phases | (7 Marks) |
| | a) Planning | |
| | b) Analysis | |
| | c) Design | |
| | d) Implementation | |
| | e) Testing | |
| | f) Deployment | |
| | g) Maintenance | |
| 5. | Explain THREE program design tools. | (6 Marks) |
| 6. | Describe FOUR building blocks of object-oriented programming (OOP) | (4 Marks) |
| 7. | Using Java language, illustrate ONE example of the following error types. | |
| | a) Syntax error | (1 Mark) |
| | b) Run time error | (1 Mark) |
| | c) Logic error | (1 Mark) |

SECTION B: (60 MARKS)

Attempt any THREE (3) questions in this section.

8. Design a program to calculate and output the area and perimeter of a rectangular football field using:

a) Pseudocode (10 Marks)

b) A Flowchart (10 Marks)

9.

a) The following C++ program is intended to calculate and display the mean score of 10 students who sat for "Computer programming" test. Identify the errors in the program.

(10 Marks)

```
#include<iostream.h>;
#define STUDENTS 10
INT main()
{
   Int count;
   float testScore[STUDENTS];
   float sumOfScores, averageOfScores
   sum=0;
  // Enter the 10 test scores and update the sum
for (count=1; counter<STUDENTS; count++)</pre>
{
   cout<"Enter a score ";</pre>
   cin>>testscore[count];
   sumOfScores = sumOfScores+testScore[count];
}
// calculate the average score
```

```
averageOfScores = sumOfScore/Students;
/Output the average score
cout <<"The Average Score is: " <<averageofSCores;
return 0;</pre>
```

- b) Explain FIVE benefits of using functions in program development. (10 Marks)
- 10. Consider the following program conditional requirements.

```
If the Purchase Amount is greater than Sh.50,000

If Customer Duration is 5 Years and Above Then

Customer Pays 90% of Purchase Amount (10% Discount)

Else

Customer Pays 92.5% of Purchase Amount (7.5% Discount)

Else

If Customer Duration is 5 Years and Above Then

Customer Pays 97%% of Purchase Amount (3% Discount)

Else

Customer Pays Full Purchase Amount
```

Express the above requirements in the form of:

- a) A Decision Tree (10 Marks)
- b) A Decision Table (10 Marks)
- 11. Consider the following Java program that uses the Inheritance concept.

```
class Calculation {
int z;

public void addition(int x, int y) {
   z = x + y;
   System.out.println("The sum of the given numbers:"+z);
}

public void Subtraction(int x, int y) {
```

(5 Marks)

```
z = x - y;
           System.out.println("The difference between the given
         numbers:"+z);
       }
    }
   public class My Calculation extends Calculation {
       public void multiplication(int x, int y) {
           z = x * y;
           System.out.println("The product of the given
         numbers:"+z);
       }
       public static void main(String args[]) {
           int a = 20, b = 10;
           My Calculation demo = new My Calculation();
           demo.addition(a, b);
           demo.Subtraction(a, b);
           demo.multiplication(a, b);
       }
   From the program, identify the following program components
   i)
         The base class/superclass
                                                                (1 Mark)
   ii)
         Base class method(s)
                                                                (2 Marks)
   iii)
         The derived class/subclass
                                                                (1 Mark)
         Subclass method(s)
   iv)
                                                                (1 Mark)
   v)
         Method parameters
                                                                (2 Marks)
   vi)
         Object
                                                                (1 Mark)
   vii)
         Constructor
                                                                (1 Mark)
   viii) Object communication/Message passing
                                                                (3 Marks)
b) What is the output of the program?
                                                                (3 Marks)
c) Modify the subclass to include a method to calculate the quotient (result of division) and
```

have the object call the method