102105T4COH
COMMUNITY HEALTH LEVEL 5
HE/OS/CH/CR/05/5/A
CONDUCT COMMUNITY HEALTH SERVICE STRATEGIES
NOV/DEC 2023



TVET CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT, ASSESSMENT AND CERTIFICATION COUNCIL (TVET CDACC)

WRITTEN ASSESSMENT

Time: 3 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATE

- 1. The paper consists of three sections: A, B and C.
- 2. You are provided with a separate answer booklet.
- 3. Marks for each question are as indicated.
- 4. Do not write on the question paper.

This paper consists of Seven (7) printed pages.

Candidate should check the question paper to ascertain that all pages are printed as indicated.

SECTION A: (20 MARKS)

Answer ALL the questions in this section.

- 1. Which of the following is an element of community health services strategy?
 - A. Awareness Creation
 - B. Community Health Unit
 - C. Partnership
 - D. Community Forums
- 2. Identify from the following, an indicator from the household register.
 - A. Functional household latrine
 - B. Knowledge of pneumonia status in the household
 - C. Known acute illness in the household
 - D. Access to health facilities by the household members
- 3. From the statements below, identify a characteristic of a functional partnership.
 - A. Partnership encourages use of appropriate technology
 - B. Partnership enables co-ordination of various sectors
 - C. Partnership seek to recognize, affirm and build on strengths of each other
 - D. Partnership entails use of legal framework
- 4. Which one of the following is a step of conducting community health needs assessment?
 - A. Identifying and Securing Resources.
 - B. Develop comprehensive stakeholder
 - C. Mobilizer groups
 - D. Dissemination of data
- 5. Which one of the following is a service delivered at level 1 as per the Kenya Essential Package of Health (KEPH)?
 - A. Referred services
 - B. Behavior-change communication
 - C. Community dialogue
 - D. Community action

- 6. Choose from the following, a method that a community health worker can use to identify community health unit boundaries.
 - A. A region that has an approximately 1000 households
 - B. A region that has been demarcated by the ministry of land with a 1000 households.
 - C. A region that has a private dispensary serving all the 1000 households.
 - D. A region that uses rivers and mountains as boundaries with 1000 households
- 7. ______ is an aim of advocacy towards the implementation of a community health strategy programmes.
 - A. Developing relevant cost-effective behavior change messages.
 - B. Enhancing community capacity to maintain household behavior change.
 - C. Promoting an inter-sectorial disciplinary approach implementation.
 - D. Mobilizing resources for development of a supportive system.
- 8. Identify from the following, an aim of social mobilization as a precursor of conducting community health service strategy activities.
 - A. Helping the community to develop simple format for collecting, keeping, processing and disseminating the information.
 - B. Identifying roles, responsibilities for various partners in the implementation of services delivered at the household level.
 - C. Working with the communities to determine key information to collect.
 - D. Promoting self-directed problem identification.
- 9. Which of the following requirements will a community health assistant consider when recruiting a community health promoter?
 - A. Should be forty years and above
 - B. Must have a university certification
 - C. Should be having a Kenyan passport
 - D. Should be willing to serve the community without charging
- 10. Choose from the following, a reason for visiting gate keepers of the community before initiating a new programme.
 - A. They identify the current and previous health trends within the community.
 - B. They formulate the goals and objectives of each focal person.
 - C. They act as entry points into the community
 - D. They protect community norms.

- 11. Which of the following ways can a community health assistant use to motivate community health volunteers?
 - A. Reporting to the focal person on the activities they have been involved in.
 - B. Motivating members of the community to adopt health promoting practices.
 - C. Giving them priority when there are paid jobs for health campaigns and mass treatments.
 - D. Organizing, mobilizing and leading village health activities.
- 12. Community entry refers to the _____
 - A. Process of visiting gate keepers to enhance service delivery and the package of care and support.
 - B. process of initiating, nurturing, and sustaining a desirable relationship while securing community interest.
 - C. Process of collecting health data in the community on health indicators.
 - D. Process of disseminating analyzed information for dialogue, advocacy and social mobilization to enhance the implementation of community programmes
- 13. Which of the of the following health management committees of the governance structure is responsible for level two and three of the service system?
 - A. Health sector coordinating committee
 - B. Joint interagency coordinating committee
 - C. Sub-county health Stakeholder forum
 - D. Health facility committee
- 14. Which one of the following is a step in initiating a partnership strategy?
 - A. Awareness raising and formation of Structures.
 - B. Establishing linkage between the system and the Community.
 - C. Liaising with the CHCs in convening community health days for joint health actions.
 - D. Strengthening community involvement in decision making.
- 15. Identify from the following a type of partnership.
 - A. Positive partnership
 - B. Absolute partnership
 - C. Paradigm interdependence partnership
 - D. Synergistic partnership

- 16. Which of the following principles guides the implementation community health services strategy?
 - A. Information dissemination strategy.
 - B. Community Centered approach.
 - C. inter-institutional collaboration.
 - D. Efficiency and self-reliance.
- 17. Choose from the following what to use as a guideline for conducting community dialogue days.
 - A. Develop a community dialogue day program.
 - B. Establish a community linkage structure.
 - C. View the records of the local administration.
 - D. Conduct regular meetings with community health volunteers.
- 18. Which of the following is a reason for community health assistant to carry out regular support supervision?
 - A. To monitor the development of community health promoters
 - B. To guide community health promoters in giving vaccines
 - C. To ensure compliance of community members to health seeking behaviors
 - D. To coach community health promoters to comply with standards
- 19. Who among the following is an actor at level one of health service provision as per the Kenya Essential Package for Health.
 - A. Authorities including the government agencies.
 - B. Religious leaders.
 - C. Community own resource person.
 - D. Core beneficiaries.
- 20. _____ is a service offered at level 6 of health service delivery system in Kenya.
 - A. Screening for early detection of health problems.
 - B. Support for behavior formation.
 - C. Family planning
 - D. Specialized services

SECTION B: (40 MARKS)

Answer ALL the questions in this section

- 21. Define the following terms as used in community health Strategy services. (4 Marks)
 - a) Corrective action Corrective and preventive action (CAPA)
 - b) Appraisal
- 22. Appraisal of community health committees is conducted based on their general performance in the community. Outline THREE importance of appraisal system.

 (3 Marks)
- 23. Community Health Promoters (CHPs) are individuals from different backgrounds in the community. Highlight THREE challenges they are facing when implementing community health services strategies. (3 Marks)
- 24. Community health workers play a key role in health promotion. State FOUR areas of need for health promotion programs. (4 Marks)
- 25. Community health promoters offer health services at the community. Highlight FOUR preventive services they offer in the community (4 Marks)
- 26. The Kenya Essential Package for Health defines six life-cycle cohorts. Identify the first FOUR cohorts. (4 Marks)
- 27. Health messages for all lifecycle cohorts are obtained based on community health services strategy package. State FOUR messages to be included for adults. (4 Marks)
- 28. The main role of community health units is to bring health services closer to the people.

 Identify FOUR services provided at a community health unit. (4 Marks)
- 29. Prevention which is a key concept of community-based care is conceptualized on three levels. Outline the THREE levels of disease prevention. (3 Marks)
- 30. State FOUR roles of community health committees in the community health unit.

(3 Marks)

31. Highlight THREE principles of primary health care. (3 Marks)

SECTION C: (40 MARKS)

Answer any TWO questions in this section

- 32. Community health assistant is directly answerable to the link facility in-charge and directly supervised by a Sub-County community health coordinator.
 - a) Who is a community health assistant?

(2 Marks)

- b) Describe FOUR considerations made during the selection of a community health assistant. (8 Marks)
- c) Explain FIVE responsibilities of a community health assistant. (10 Marks)
- 33. The Kenya Essential Package for Health (KEPH) is designed as an integrated collection of cost-effective interventions that address key issues within the community, focusing on effective communication aimed at behaviour change.
 - a) State the first FOUR levels of service delivery in the health care system.

(4 Marks)

- b) Discuss FOUR key issues stipulated in the Kenya Expanded Package for Health (KEPH). (16 Marks)
- 34. Conducting community health promoters performance evaluation is important for effective delivery of community health services.
 - a) Define the term performance evaluation.

(2 Marks)

b) Explain FOUR goals of employee performance evaluation.

(8 Marks)

c) Describe FIVE steps followed in creating an effective evaluation system. (10 Marks)

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